Adding a Redirect

Control Panel · https://umw.domains/guides/adding-a-redirect/

What is a redirect?

A redirect is a way to let the browser know that the site the user is trying to access has been moved. A redirect helps the browser automatically adjust and points them in the direction of the new site.

Why would you need one?

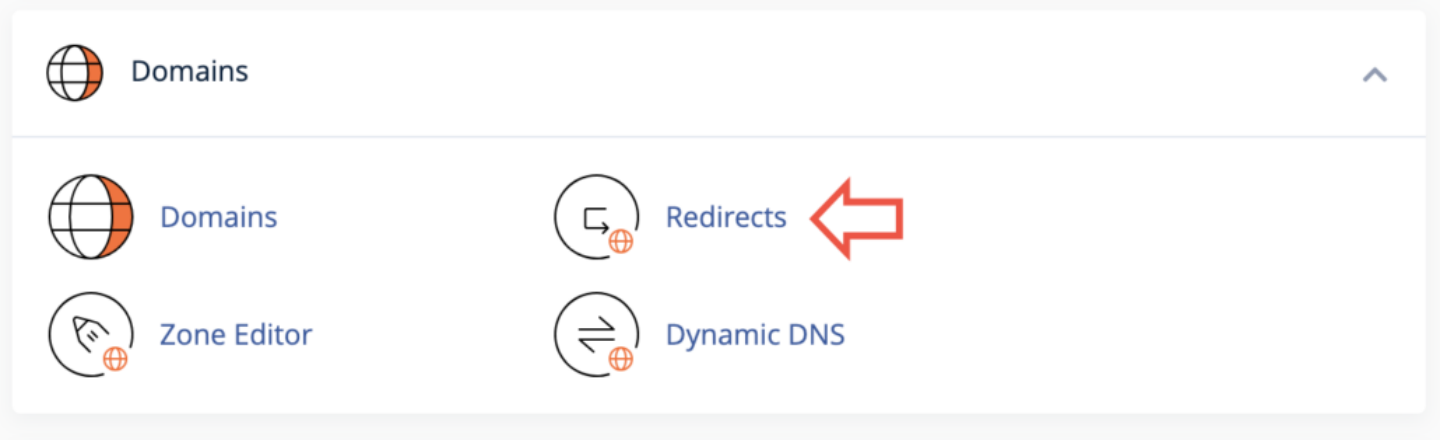
One of the biggest reasons to use a redirect would be when your site has been moved, and you want to point the user in the direction of the new page instead. Some of the other reasons include:

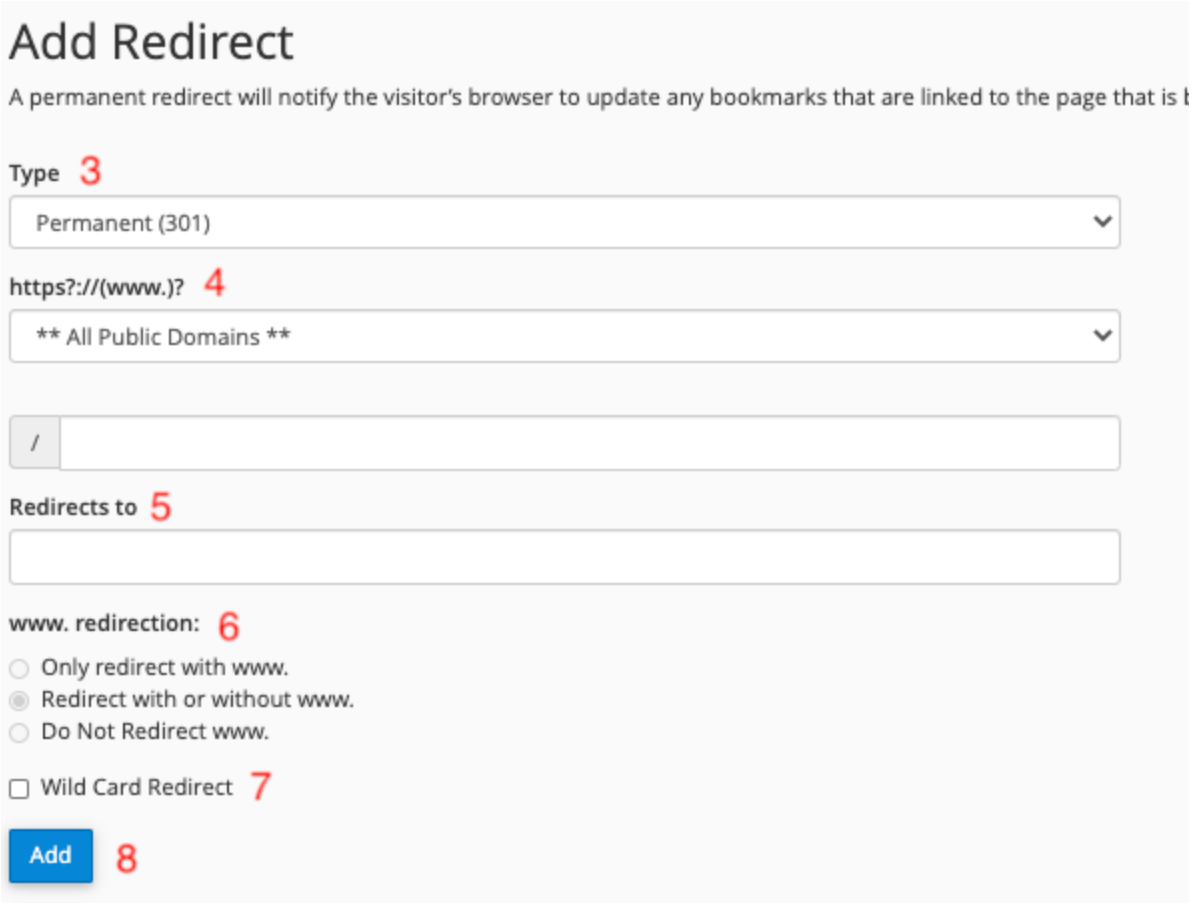
- When you are planning on changing the permalinks of your post or page.
- When you are planning on deleting a post or page in favor of new content.

How do you add a redirect?

To add a redirect, perform the following actions:

1. Log into your Domain of One's Own account and access your cPanel.
2. Scroll down to the Domains tab and click "Redirects"





3. Select a redirect type from the "*Type*" menu.

Permanent (301) — This setting notifies the visitor's browser to update its records.

Temporary (302) — This setting does **not** update the visitor's bookmarks.

4. Select a domain name from the menu, or select ***All Public Domains*** to redirect all of the domains that your cPanel account controls.

5. In the "*Redirects to*" text box, enter the URL to which you wish to redirect users.

Important: You **must** specify a protocol (*http://, https://, or ftp://*) in this text box.

6. Select one of the following settings:

Only redirect with www. — This setting only redirects visitors who enter the *www.* prefix before the domain name part of the URL.

Redirect with or without www. — This setting redirects all users, regardless of whether the visitor enters the *www.* prefix before the domain name part of the URL.

Do Not Redirect www. — This setting does **not** redirect users who enter the *www.* prefix before the domain name part of the URL.

Note: The interface disables the *www.* redirection setting if you select **All Public Domains.**.

7. Select the *Wild Card Redirect* setting if you wish to redirect all files within a directory to the same filename in the new directory.

For example, if you enable the *Wild Card Redirect* setting and *example1.com* redirects to *example.com*, then a visitor who tries to access the *http://example1.com/pic.jpg* URL redirects to the *http://example.com/pic.jpg* URL.

8. Click *Add*.

To test the redirect, click the link under *Directory* in the *Current Redirects* table. If you properly configured the redirect, the system directs you to the original domain.

Reviewed by Abby Firestone 06/23/26